

Dy-Fe-Ge (Dysprosium-Iron-Germanium)

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Recently, [2009Zhu] determined an isothermal section for this system at 500 °C, which depicts five ternary compounds.

Binary Systems

The Dy-Fe phase diagram [Massalski2] shows the following intermetallic compounds: Fe₁₇Dy₂ (Ni₁₇Th₂-type hexagonal), Fe₂₃Dy₆ (*D8_a*, Mn₂₃Th₆-type cubic), Fe₃Dy (Be₃Nb-type rhombohedral), and Fe₂Dy (C15, MgCu₂-type cubic). The Dy-Ge phase diagram [Massalski2, 2009Zhu] depicts the following intermediate phases: Dy₅Ge₃ (*D8₈*, Mn₅Si₃-type hexagonal), Dy₅Ge₄ (Ge₄Sm₅-type orthorhombic), DyGe (*B_f*, CrB-type orthorhombic), Dy₂Ge₃ (C32, AlB₂-type hexagonal), Dy₃Ge₅ (Ge₅Y₃-type orthorhombic), DyGe₂ (Ge₂Tb-type orthorhombic), and DyGe₃ (DyGe₃-type orthorhombic). In the Fe-Ge phase diagram [Massalski2], the intermediate phases found stable at 500 °C are: Fe₃Ge (*L1₂*, AuCu₃-type cubic), Fe₅Ge₃ (*B8₁*, NiAs-type hexagonal), Fe₆Ge₅ (Fe₆Ge₅-type monoclinic, space group *C2/m*), FeGe and FeGe₂ (C16, CuAl₂-type tetragonal).

Ternary Compounds

[2009Zhu] identified five ternary compounds at 500 °C. DyFe₄Ge₂ (τ₁) has the ZrFe₄Si₂-type tetragonal structure.

DyFe₆Ge₆ (τ₂) is orthorhombic, with Fe₆Sn₆Tb as the prototype. DyFe₂Ge₂ (τ₃) has the Al₄Ba-type tetragonal structure. Dy₁₁₇Fe₅₂Ge₁₁₂ (τ₄) is cubic of the Fe₅Ge₁₁Tb₁₂-type. DyFe_xGe₂ (τ₅) is CeNiSi₂-type orthorhombic. It has a homogeneity range of $x = 0.25$ -0.46, corresponding to 7.7-13.3 at.% Fe. Table 1 lists the structural details of these compounds. The notation τ₁, τ₂, etc., used here correspond to 1, 2, etc., used by [2009Zhu].

Isothermal Section

With starting metals of 99.9% Dy, 99.9% Fe, and 99.99% Ge, [2009Zhu] arc-melted 187 alloys under Ar atm. The alloys were given a final anneal at 500 °C for 720 h and quenched in liquid nitrogen. The phase equilibria were studied with x-ray powder diffraction, optical microscopy, and differential thermal analysis at a heating rate of 10 °C per min. The isothermal section at 500 °C constructed by [2009Zhu] is shown in Fig. 1. All the five ternary compounds listed in Table 1 are present. As seen in Fig. 1, only the Dy-Fe binary compounds show some solubility for the third component. To find whether a compound analogous to GdFe_{8.4}Ge_{3.6} reported by [1996Wan] exists in this system, [2009Zhu] prepared an alloy with the composition DyFe_{8.4}Ge_{3.6} and found that it consisted of two phases (α Fe) and DyFe₂Ge₂.

Table 1 Dy-Fe-Ge crystal structure and lattice parameter data [2009Zhu]

Phase	Composition, at.%	Pearson symbol	Space group	Prototype	Lattice parameter, nm
DyFe ₄ Ge ₂ (τ ₁)	14.3 Dy 57.1 Fe 28.6 Ge	<i>tP14</i>	<i>P4₂/mnm</i>	ZrFe ₄ Si ₂	$a = 0.7318$ $c = 0.3865$
DyFe ₆ Ge ₆ (τ ₂)	7.7 Dy 46.15 Fe 46.15 Ge		<i>Cmcm</i>	Fe ₆ Sn ₆ Tb	$a = 0.8118$ $b = 1.768$ $c = 0.5116$
DyFe ₂ Ge ₂ (τ ₃)	20 Dy 40 Fe 40 Ge	<i>tI10</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>	Al ₄ Ba	$a = 0.3957$ $c = 1.0446$
Dy ₁₁₇ Fe ₅₂ Ge ₁₁₂ (τ ₄)	41.6 Dy 18.5 Fe 39.9 Ge		<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>	Fe ₅ Ge ₁₁ Tb ₁₂	$a = 2.8518$
DyFe _x Ge ₂ or Dy ₅ Fe ₂ Ge ₁₀ (τ ₅)	30.8-28.9 Dy 7.7-13.3 Fe 61.5-57.8 Ge	<i>oC16</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>	CeNiSi ₂	$a = 0.4121$ $b = 1.581$ $c = 0.4011$

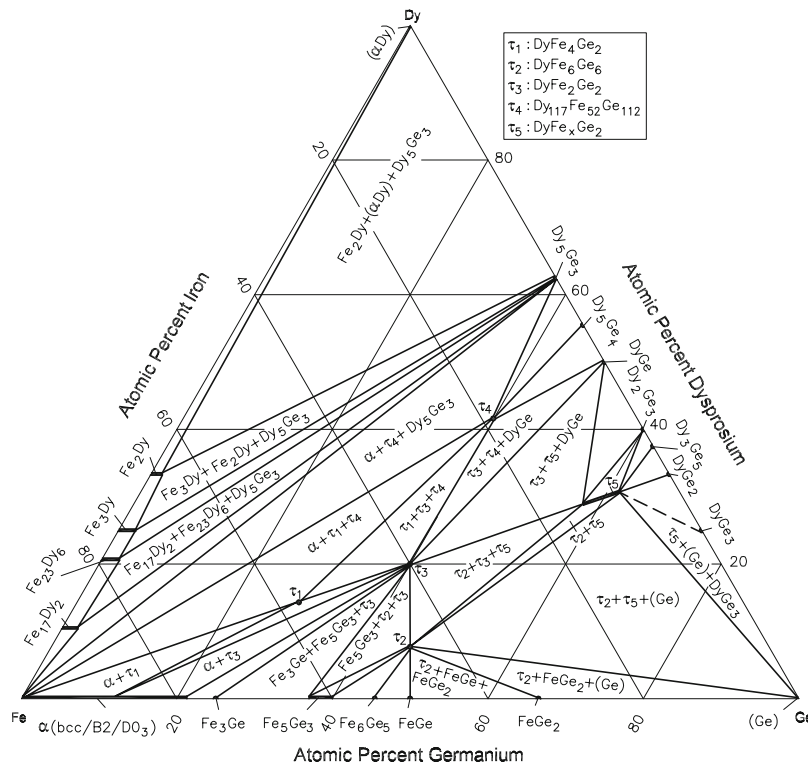


Fig. 1 Dy-Fe-Ge isothermal section at 500 °C [2009Zhu]. Narrow two-phase regions are omitted

References

1996Wan: K.Y. Wang, J. Hu, Y.Z. Wang, B.P. Hu, and Z.X. Wang, Formation of Novel Ternary Iron-Rich Rare Earth Compounds R-Fe-Ge (R = Sm, Gd), *J. Alloys Compd.*, 1996, **233**, p L1-L2

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